

**Naloga 1** V  $\mathbb{R}^5$  sta dana afina podprostora  $P_1$  in  $P_2$  s sistemi enačb:

$$\begin{array}{lcl} P_1 : \quad x_1 - 5x_2 + 4x_3 + 3x_4 + 2x_5 & = & 1 \\ & & \\ & 7x_1 - x_2 - x_3 + 2x_4 + 3x_5 & = & -2 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{lcl} P_2 : \quad 2x_1 + 2x_2 + 2x_3 + 3x_4 - 3x_5 & = & 2 \\ & & \\ & 14x_1 + 9x_3 + 14x_4 - 4x_5 & = & 3 \end{array}$$

Izračunaj baze in dimenzije prostorov  $P_1$ ,  $P_2$ ,  $P_1 + P_2$  in  $P_1 \cap P_2$ .

**Rešitev:**  $\dim(P_1) = 3$ ,  $\dim(P_2) = 3$ ,  $\dim(P_1 + P_2) = 5$ ,  $\dim(P_1 \cap P_2) = -1$ .  $\mathcal{B}(P_1) = \{(-3, -1, 5, 0, 0), (-9, -5, 14, 0, 0), (-2, -1, 0, 2, 0), (4, 17, 0, 0, 14)\}$ ,

$\mathcal{B}(P_2) = \{(0, -2, -1, -1, -1), (9, 29, 34, 0, 0), (-7, 19, 0, 34, 0), (-13, 11, 0, 0, 34)\}$ ,  $\mathcal{B}(P_1 \cap P_2) = \emptyset$ ,

$\mathcal{B}(P_1 + P_2) = \{(0, 0, 0, 0, 0), (1, 0, 0, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0, 0, 0), (0, 0, 1, 0, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1, 0), (0, 0, 0, 0, 1)\}$ .

**Naloga 2** V  $\mathbb{R}^6$  imamo afina podprostora  $P_1$  :  $4x_1 - 2x_2 - 2x_3 + x_4 + x_5 + 2x_6 = -1$ ,  $x_1 - 2x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4 + 3x_5 + 3x_6 = 1$ ,  $2x_1 + 5x_2 + 3x_3 + 2x_4 - x_5 - x_6 = 2$  in  $P_2 : (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6) = (2, 4, 1, 1, 0, 2) + t(2, 3, 2, 1, 0, -1)$ ;  $t \in \mathbb{R}$ . Izračunaj baze in dimenzije prostorov  $P_1$ ,  $P_2$ ,  $P_1 + P_2$  in  $P_1 \cap P_2$ .

**Rešitev:**  $\dim(P_1) = 3$ ,  $\dim(P_2) = 1$ ,  $\dim(P_1 + P_2) = 5$ ,  $\dim(P_1 \cap P_2) = -1$ .  $\mathcal{B}(P_2) = \{(2, 4, 1, 1, 0, 2), (2, 3, 2, 1, 0, -1)\}$ ,  $\mathcal{B}(P_1) = \{(1/21, 5/84, 15/28, 0, 0, 0), (-1/3, -5/12, 1/4, 1, 0, 0), (-5/21, 59/84, -19/28, 0, 1, 0), (-3/7, 5/7, -4/7, 0, 0, 1)\}$ ,  $\mathcal{B}(P_1 + P_2) = \{(2, 4, 1, 1, 0, 2), (-41/21, -331/84, -13/28, -1, 0, -2), (2, 3, 2, 1, 0, -1), (-1/3, -5/12, 1/4, 1, 0, 0), (-5/21, 59/84, -19/28, 0, 1, 0), (-3/7, 5/7, -4/7, 0, 0, 1)\}$ ,  $\mathcal{B}(P_1 \cap P_2) = \emptyset$ .

**Naloga 3** Naj bosta  $P_1$  in  $P_2$  afina podprostora v  $\mathbb{R}^4$  podana z

$$\begin{array}{ll} P_1 : \quad x_1 & = 1 + t_1 \\ & x_2 = 1 + 11t_2 \\ & x_3 = 1 - 15t_1 \\ & x_4 = -1 + 18t_1 - 12t_2 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ll} P_2 : \quad 2x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 - 7x_4 & = 5 \\ & 6x_1 - 3x_2 + x_3 - 4x_4 = 7 \\ & 4x_1 - 2x_2 + 14x_3 - 31x_4 = 18 \end{array}$$

Izberi koordinatni sistem za  $P_1 \cap P_2$ .

**Rešitev:**  $(3361/3378, -109/3378, 1211/1126, 20/563)$

**Naloga 4** Zapiši enačbo premice, ki vsebuje točko  $B(6, 5, 1, -1)$  in seka ravnini  $P_1$  in  $P_2$ .

$$\begin{array}{ll} P_1 : \quad -x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 & = 1 \\ & x_1 + x_4 = 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ll} P_2 : \quad x_1 & = 4 + t \\ & x_2 = 4 + 2t \\ & x_3 = 5 + 3t \\ & x_4 = 4 + 4t \end{array}$$

**Rešitev:**  $(6, 5, 1, -1) + s(-3, -3, 1, 1)$ .

**Naloga 5** V  $\mathbb{R}^4$  sta podana afina podprostora  $P_1$  in  $P_2$ . Izračunaj dimenzijo prostorov  $P_1$ ,  $P_2$ ,  $P_1 \cap P_2$  in  $P_1 + P_2$ .

$$\begin{array}{ll} P_1 : \quad 3x_1 + 2x_2 + 2x_3 + 3x_4 & = 2 \\ & 2x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 + 5x_4 = 3 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ll} P_2 : \quad 2x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 + 4x_4 & = 5 \\ & 5x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 - 5x_4 = 2 \end{array}$$

**Rešitev:**  $\dim(P_1) = 2$ ,  $\dim(P_2) = 2$ ,  $\dim(P_1 \cap P_2) = 1$ ,  $\dim(P_1 + P_2) = 3$ .

$\mathcal{B}(P_1) = \{(-6/7, 1/7, 15/7, 0), (-2/5, -2/5, 1, 0), (4/5, -11/5, 0, 1)\}$ ,  $\mathcal{B}(P_2) = \{(-6/7, 1/7, 15/7, 0), (-3/4, -3/4, 1, 0), (1/2, -5/2, 0, 1)\}$ ,

$\mathcal{B}(P_1 \cap P_2) = \{(-6/7, 1/7, 15/7, 0), (8/7, -13/7, -6/7, 1)\}$ ,  $\mathcal{B}(P_1 + P_2) = \{(-6/7, 1/7, 15/7, 0), (-2/5, -2/5, 1, 0), (4/5, -11/5, 0, 1), (-3/4, -3/4, 1, 0)\}$ .

**Naloga 6** V  $\mathbb{R}^4$  sta podana afina podprostora  $P_1$  in  $P_2$ . Izračunaj dimenzijo prostorov  $P_1$ ,  $P_2$ ,  $P_1 \cap P_2$  in  $P_1 + P_2$ .

$$\begin{array}{lcl} P_1 : & 2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 + 5x_4 = 6 \\ & 6x_1 + 5x_2 + 4x_3 + 3x_4 = 2 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{lcl} P_2 : & x_1 = 1 - t_1 \\ & x_2 = 1 + 2t_1 + t_2 \\ & x_3 = 1 - 2t_1 + 2t_2 \\ & x_4 = 1 + t_1 + t_2 \end{array}$$

Rešitev:  $\dim(P_1) = 2$ ,  $\dim(P_2) = 2$ ,  $\dim(P_1 \cap P_2) = 0$ ,  $\dim(P_1 + P_2) = 4$ .

$$\mathcal{B}(P_1) = \{(-3, 4, 0, 0), (1, -2, 1, 0), (2, -3, 0, 1)\}, \quad \mathcal{B}(P_2) = \{(1, 1, 1, 1), (-1, 2, -2, 1), (0, 1, 2, 1)\}, \quad \mathcal{B}(P_1 \cap P_2) = \{(-3, 33/4, -17/2, 17/4)\},$$

$$\mathcal{B}(P_1 + P_2) = \{(0, 0, 0, 0), (1, 0, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0, 0), (0, 0, 1, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1)\}.$$

**Naloga 7** V  $\mathbb{R}^4$  sta podana afina podprostora  $P_1$  in  $P_2$ . Izračunaj dimenzijo prostorov  $P_1$ ,  $P_2$ ,  $P_1 \cap P_2$  in  $P_1 + P_2$ .

$$\begin{array}{ll} P_1 : & x_1 = 1 + 2t_1 \\ & x_2 = 3 + 2t_2 \\ & x_3 = 5 + 4t_2 \\ & x_4 = 4 + 3t_1 + 2t_2 \\ & x_5 = 2 + t_1 + 2t_2 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ll} P_2 : & x_1 = -6 + t \\ & x_2 = 2 + 3t \\ & x_3 = 2 + 7t \\ & x_4 = -2 + 5t \\ & x_5 = -3 + 3t \end{array}$$

Rešitev:  $\dim(P_1) = 2$ ,  $\dim(P_2) = 2$ ,  $\dim(P_1 \cap P_2) = -1$ ,  $\dim(P_1 + P_2) = 4$ .

$$\mathcal{B}(P_1) = \{(1, 3, 5, 4, 2), (2, 0, 0, 3, 1), (0, 2, 4, 2, 2)\}, \quad \mathcal{B}(P_2) = \{(-6, 2, 2, -2, -3), (0, 3, 7, 5, 3)\}, \quad \mathcal{B}(P_1 \cap P_2) = \emptyset, \quad \mathcal{B}(P_1 + P_2) = \{(1, 3, 5, 4, 2), (0, 0, 0, 15, -1), (5, 0, 0, 0, 0)\}$$

**Naloga 8** Poisci afino preslikavo  $A : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ , ki po vrsti preslika točke  $(1, 2)$ ,  $(0, 4)$  in  $(-1, 1)$  v točke  $(11, -3)$ ,  $(20, 4)$  in  $(4, 6)$ . Poisci negibne točke preslikave  $A$ .

Rešitev:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 0 \\ -5 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathcal{N}(A) = \emptyset$$

**Naloga 9** Poisci afino preslikavo  $A : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ , ki po vrsti preslika točke  $(2, -1, 0)$ ,  $(0, 1, 2)$ ,  $(3, 1, 1)$  in  $(-1, 0, 1)$  v točke  $(1, 1, 0)$ ,  $(0, -1, 1)$ ,  $(2, 2, 1)$  in  $(-1, 3, -1)$ . Poisci negibne točke preslikave  $A$ .

Rešitev:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3/4 & 0 & -1/4 & -1/2 \\ -3/2 & 5 & -15/2 & 9 \\ 3/4 & -1 & 9/4 & -5/2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathcal{N}(A) = \{(-6, -12, -4)\}$$

**Naloga 10** Naj bo  $A : \mathbb{R}^4 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$  afina preslikava, ki preslika točko  $(1, 2, -1, 0)$  v  $(3, 0, -1, 2)$ .

Njen linearen del naj bo  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 4 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ . Kam preslika  $A$  točki  $B(-1, 0, 4, 2)$  in  $C(3, 3, 1, -1)$ ?

Poisci njene negibne točke.

Rešitev:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & 2 & -6 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 4 & -4 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad A(B) = (-8, 11, 0, 4), \quad A(C) = (6, -2, -6, 14), \quad \mathcal{N}(A) = \{(1/2, 7/5, -7/10, 3/10)\}.$$

**Naloga 11** Ali obstaja afina preslikava  $A : \mathbb{R}^4 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$ , ki po vrsti preslika točke  $a(1, 1, 1, 1)$ ,  $b(2, 3, 2, 3)$ ,  $c(3, 2, 3, 2)$ ,  $d(1, 2, 2, 2)$  in  $e(1, 0, 2, 0)$  v točke  $a'(-1, 1, -1, 1)$ ,  $b'(0, 4, 0, 4)$ ,  $c'(2, 2, 2, 2)$ ,  $d'(-1, 2, 0, 3)$  in  $e'(0, -3, 1, -2)$ ?

**Rešitev:** Točke  $a, b, c, d$  in  $e$  so afino odvisne, točke  $a, b, c$  in  $d$  pa so afino neodvisne. Izkaže se, da je  $e = \frac{2}{3}a - \frac{4}{3}b + \frac{2}{3}c + d$ . Torej mora biti  $A(e) = A\left(\frac{2}{3}a - \frac{4}{3}b + \frac{2}{3}c + d\right) = \frac{2}{3}a' - \frac{4}{3}b' + \frac{2}{3}c' + d' = \left(-\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{4}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}\right) \neq e'$ . Zato taka afina preslikava ne obstaja.

**Naloga 12** Naj bo  $A : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$  afina preslikava. Njen linearen del je  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ -4 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  in  $A(1, -1, 2) = (0, 3, 1)$ . Kam A preslika premico  $(1, 2, -1) + t(-3, 2, 1)$ ?

**Rešitev:**  $(-12, 3, -2) + s(-5, 3, 16)$ .

**Naloga 13** Poišči kako afino preslikavo  $A : \mathbb{R}^4 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$ , ki po vrsti preslika  $(2, -1, 3, -2)$ ,  $(3, 1, 6, -1)$  in  $(5, 1, 4, 1)$  v  $(1, -2, 3, 5)$ ,  $(2, 1, 8, 7)$  in  $(3, 2, 10, -6)$  in premico  $(2, 0, 4, -1) + u(0, 1, 1, 0)$  v premico  $(1, -1, 5, -2) + v(0, 2, 3, -3)$ .

**Rešitev:**

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 & -\frac{3}{2} \\ \frac{3}{4} & \frac{11}{4} & -\frac{3}{4} & -1 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 1 & 4 & -1 & -1 & 6 \\ \frac{19}{4} & -\frac{41}{4} & \frac{29}{4} & -4 & -\frac{89}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B(s, t) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 & -\frac{3}{2} \\ s * (-2) + \frac{3}{4} & t * 4 + (-5/4) & t * (-2) + 5/4 & s * 2 + t * (-2) + 1 & s * 8 + t * 6 + (-13/2) \\ s * (-3) + 1 & t * 6 + (-2) & t * (-3) + 2 & s * 3 + t * (-3) + 2 & s * 12 + t * 9 + (-3) \\ s * 3 + \frac{19}{4} & t * (-6) + (-17/4) & t * 3 + 17/4 & s * (-3) + t * 3 + (-7) & s * (-12) + t * (-9) + (-71/2) \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\{B(s, t) | s, t \in \mathbb{R}, t \neq 0\}$  so vse rešitve in  $A = B(0, 1)$ .

**Naloga 14** Poišči afino preslikavo  $A : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ , ki po vrsti preslika točke  $(2, 5, 1)$ ,  $(3, 5, 1)$ ,  $(2, 6, 1)$  in  $(2, 5, 2)$  v točke  $(3, 7, 3)$ ,  $(6, 11, 6)$ ,  $(5, 17, 9)$  in  $(0, -5, -4)$ . Poišči negibne točke preslikave A.

**Rešitev:**

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & -3 & -10 \\ 4 & 10 & -12 & -39 \\ 3 & 6 & -7 & -26 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathcal{N}(A) = \{(0, -1, -4)\}$$

**Naloga 15** Poišči negibne točke affine preslikave  $A : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ , podane z  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3 & 4 & -1 \\ 4 & -9 & 8 & -14 \\ 6 & -7 & 5 & -13 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

**Rešitev:**  $\mathcal{N}(A) = \{(1, -1, 0) + t(1, 2, 2) | t \in \mathbb{R}\}$ .

**Naloga 16** Poišči vse affine preslikave  $\mathbb{R}^4 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$ , ki po vrsti preslikajo  $(4, 4, 4, -\frac{5}{2})$ ,  $(5, -4, 0, 3)$ ,  $(4, 4, 6, 8)$  v  $(1, 3, 2, -2)$ ,  $(4, -2, 0, 0)$ ,  $(-3, 10, 6, 2)$ , premico  $(9, -2, 4, 7) + s(4, 4, 5, 2)$  pa v premico  $(3, 0, 2, 3) + t(2, -6, -3, 2)$  in pri tem ohranja njuno presečišče.

**Rešitev:** Presečišče premic je  $(5, -6, -1, 5)$ , družina iskanih preslikav pa

$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 119 & \frac{349}{2} & -254 & 48 & -37 \\ -614 & -906 & 1316 & -250 & 194 \\ -158 & -465/2 & 338 & -64 & 52 \\ 742 & \frac{2197}{2} & -1594 & 304 & -228 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 20 & 29 & -42 & 8 & -8 \\ -60 & -87 & 126 & -24 & 24 \\ -30 & -87/2 & 63 & -12 & 12 \\ 20 & 29 & -42 & 8 & -8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad t \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\} \right\}$$